categories of developmental projects/industries. In addition to this, the project proponents are required to take necessary approval from State Pollution Control Boards/State Departments of Environment. Public hearing has been made mandatory for all such projects.

(vii) A scheme for promoting development and adoption of clean technology including reuse and recycling has been formulated.

(viii) For controlling pollution at source from industries, emphasis is given on adoption of clean technologies, adherence to the prescribed standards, recycling and reuse of treated wastes/effluents to the maximum extent possible.

(ix) For clusters of small scale units a scheme for providing financial assistance for setting up of Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs) is in operation.

(x) Large and medium sector industries operating in cities/ towns have been directed to install the necessary pollution control equipment.

(xi) Fiscal incentives are given to industries located in populated areas for shifting from residential/ non-conforming areas to the conforming areas.

Killing of Endangered Species

1143. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether large hauls of skins, nails and bones of tigers, lions and other wild cats have been unearthed; if so, the number and details of such hauls during the past six months; and

(b) if so, what steps, if any, including amendments in the law, have been and are proposed to be made to prevent killing of such endagered species?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (PROF. SAIFUDDIN SOZ): (a) Details of the seizure of skins and other product of wild animals, seized during last six months, as per information available, is given in the Statement *(see below)*

(b) The steps taken to prevent killing of the endangered species include:

(i) Hunting of wild animals included in Schedules I to IV of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972, has been banned by law. The said act is under revision.

(ii) Special measures for protection and conservation of tiger, elephants and rhonis and their habitat are being implemented.

(iii) A network of 447 wildlife sanctuaries and 84 National Parks covering 1,50,000 sq. km. has been set up for conservation of wild flora and fauna. Financial assistance is provided by the Central Government for development of national parks and sanctuaries on request from the State Governments.

(iv) Raids are carried out by the wildlife authorities, whenever information of illegal trading in wildlife animals reaches them.

(v) International Trade in Endangered Species of animals and articles made thereof is regulated under the provisions of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered

Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)

(vi) Regional and Sub-regional offices of Wildlife Preservation have been set-up mostly at the main export centres of the country to prevent smuggling of wildlife products.

(vii) Interdepartmental coordination has been enhanced with other enforcement organisations like Police, BSF, Customs, ITBP, Coast Guards etc. Training programme on wildlife enforcement and implementation were also conducted for all these organisations at New Delhi and Dehradun during, 1995 & 1996.

Statement

Details of Seizures
Made during last six Months

S. No.	Item Seized	No.
1.	Leopard skin	52
2.	Leopard skin coat	1
3.	Leopard cat skin	223
4.	Jungle cat skin	1619
5.	Desert cat skin	152
6.	Civet cat skin	109
7.	Tiger skin	7
8.	Tiger bones	28.5 Kg.
9.	Tiger skin	3

Ban on use of Dyes

1144. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have banned the use of azo-dyes in view of its harmful effects on public health and environment;

(b) the details of the dyes so banned, and the industries using such dyes in Gujarat, Maharashtra and other States; and

(c) the circumstanes leading to the ban?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FOREST (PROF SAIFUDDIN SOZ): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A list of prohibited azo-dyes is given in the statement (*see below*). All the States and Union Territories have been contacted to furnish the list of industries using prohibited azo-dyes in the country.

(c) Based on the findings of experts, the Government have taken the decision to prohibit listed azodyes in view of carcinogenic potential of certain arylamines which are released from these azodyes on contact with the human body.

Statement

Sl. No.	*Colour Index Generic Number*	*Colour Index Number*
1.	Acid Red 4	14710
2.	Acid Red 5	14905
3.	Acid Red 24	16140
4.	Acid Red 26	16150
5.	Acid Red 73	27290
6.	Acid Red 114	23635
7.	Acid Red 115	27200
8.	Acid Red 116	26660
9.	Acid Red 128	24125
10.	Acid Red 148	26665
11.	Acid Red 150	27190
12.	Acid Red 158	20530
13.	Acid Red 167	—
14.	Acid Red 264	18133
15.	Acid Red 265	18129